### SENATE BILL No. 499

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 3-5-2; IC 3-6; IC 3-8-4; IC 3-10; IC 3-11; IC 3-12; IC 3-14.

**Synopsis:** Voting equipment integrity and upgrades. Makes changes regarding the certification process for voting systems and establishes a uniform date for the expiration of voting system certifications. Establishes a voting systems technical oversight program. Requires county election boards to perform public tests of electronic voting systems before election day. Requires precinct election boards to document certain information concerning optical scan tabulation systems before the polls open. Establishes civil penalties for violations of statutes concerning the use of voting systems in Indiana elections. Requires a county that uses a punch card voting system to enter into a contract, not later than July 1, 2005, for a voting system certified for use in Indiana elections for delivery not later than January 1, 2006, and allows the secretary of state to purchase a voting system for the county if the county does not act. Permits a voting system previously certified for use in Indiana to continue to be used after the certification expires if the voting system complies with the requirements of HAVA. Repeals obsolete references to lever voting machines, punch card voting systems, and paper ballots formerly printed by the election division.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2005.

# Lawson C

 $January\,18,2005, read\,first\,time\,and\,referred\,to\,Committee\,on\,Elections\,and\,Civic\,Affairs.$ 



#### First Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2005)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2004 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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## SENATE BILL No. 499

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning elections.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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	SECTION 1. IC 3-5-2-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. "Ballot" means:

- (1) the paper ballot prepared, printed, and supplied for use at an election;
- (2) the ballot label prepared, printed, and supplied for use on the front of a voting machine or an electronic voting system; or
- (3) the ballot card prepared, printed, and supplied for use in a ballot card voting system.

SECTION 2. IC 3-5-2-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4. "Ballot card" refers to either a punch card ballot or an optical scan ballot.

SECTION 3. IC 3-5-2-4.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4.5. "Ballot card voting system" refers to either a punch card voting system or an optical scan voting system.

SECTION 4. IC 3-5-2-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 5. "Ballot label" means:



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1	(1) the printed strip or sheet of cardboard or paper, supplied for	
2	use on a voting machine or an electronic voting system, that	
3	contains the names of the candidates and the public questions on	
4	the ballot; or	
5	(2) the booklet, pamphlet, or other material, supplied for use with	
6	a ballot card voting system, that contains those names and	
7	questions.	
8	SECTION 5. IC 3-5-2-52 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
9	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 52. "Voting method" means the use	
10	of:	4
11	(1) paper ballots;	
12	(2) voting machines;	
13	(3) (2) ballot card voting systems;	
14	(4) (3) electronic voting systems; or	
15	(5) (4) any combination of these;	
16	to register votes in a precinct.	4
17	SECTION 6. IC 3-6-4.2-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 12. The election	
19	division shall do the following:	
20	(1) Prepare and distribute paper ballots for the election or	
21	retention of persons to federal and state offices and for public	
22	questions in compliance with this title.	
23	(2) (1) Maintain complete and uniform descriptions and maps of	
24	all precincts in Indiana.	
25	(3) (2) Promptly update the information required by subdivision	
26	(2) (1) after each precinct establishment order is filed with the	
27	commission under IC 3-11-1.5.	
28	(4) (3) Issue media watcher cards under IC 3-6-10-6.	,
29	(5) (4) Prepare and transfer to the department of state revenue	
30	voter registration affidavits for inclusion in state adjusted gross	
31	income tax booklets under IC 6-8.1-3-19.	
32	(6) After December 31, 2003, (5) Serve in accordance with 42	
33	U.S.C. 1973ff-1(b) as the office in Indiana responsible for	
34	providing information regarding voter registration procedures and	
35	absentee ballot procedures to absent uniformed services voters	
36	and overseas voters.	
37	(7) (6) As required by 42 U.S.C. 1973ff-1(c), submit a report to	
38	the federal Election Assistance Commission not later than ninety	
39	(90) days after each general election setting forth the combined	
40	number of absentee ballots:	
41	(A) transmitted to absent uniformed services voters and	
12	overseas voters for the election; and	



1	(B) returned by absent uniformed services voters and overseas
2	voters and cast in the election.
3	(8) (7) Implement the state plan in accordance with the
4	requirements of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15401 through 15406) and this
5	title, and appoint members of the committee established under 42
6	U.S.C. 15405.
7	(9) (8) Submit reports required under 42 U.S.C. 15408 to the
8	federal Election Assistance Commission concerning the use of
9	federal funds under Title II, Subtitle D, Part I of HAVA.
10	SECTION 7. IC 3-6-5-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
11	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 14. (a) Each county election board,
12	in addition to duties otherwise prescribed by law, shall do the
13	following:
14	(1) Adopt and amend a written plan to implement NVRA within
15	the county.
16	(2) Conduct all elections and administer the election laws within
17	the county, except as provided in IC 3-8-5 and IC 3-10-7 for town
18	conventions and municipal elections in certain small towns.
19	(3) Prepare all ballots. except those prepared by the election
20	division.
21	(4) Distribute all ballots and pasters to all of the precincts in the
22	county.
23	(b) This subsection does not apply to pasters to be attached to
24	ballots during the final three (3) days before an election. Not later than
25	the Monday before distributing ballots, pasters, and voting systems to
26	the precincts in the county, the county election board shall notify the
27	county chairman of each major political party and, upon request, the
28	chairman of any other bona fide political party in the county, that
29	sample ballots and pasters are available for inspection.
30	SECTION 8. IC 3-6-6-34 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
31	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 34. (a) In a precinct where the
32	voting is by any voting method except entirely by paper ballot, the poll
33	clerks of the precinct shall perform all the duties connected with voting
34	by voting machine, ballot card voting system or electronic voting
35	system, and the assistant poll clerks shall perform all the duties
36	connected with voting by paper ballot. It is necessary for only the two
37	(2) assistant poll clerks to place their initials on the back of the paper
38	ballots.
39	(b) The poll clerks shall tally the vote cast by paper ballot, and they
40	alone shall sign the election certificates and returns. However, the
41	precinct election board may call upon the assistant poll clerks to assist



the poll clerks in any of their duties.

SECTION 9. IC 3-8-4-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 8. Candidates shall be nominated or elected at a state convention by using voting machines, ballot card systems or electronic voting systems. However, if there is no contest for an office, the nomination or election may be by motion and acclamation.

SECTION 10. IC 3-8-4-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9. The state chairman of the political party holding a state convention shall appoint an inspector and two (2) poll clerks to attend each voting machine or system at the convention. Each candidate may have one (1) watcher at each voting machine or system to check the voting machine or system before and after each ballot and to check the work of any election officer. The inspector and poll clerks:

- (1) shall take an oath to perform their duties faithfully and to the best of their abilities before anyone entitled to administer an oath;
- (2) must be qualified in relationship to candidates in the same manner as precinct election officers under IC 3-6-6-7; and
- (3) are subject to the same penalties as precinct election officers. SECTION 11. IC 3-10-1-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 12. Each county election board shall prepare and distribute separate primary paper ballots for each political party participating in a primary election equal in number to one hundred percent (100%) of the number of votes cast by the party in each precinct at the last general election. If voting machines, ballot card voting systems or electronic voting systems are used, the board shall determine the number of emergency paper ballots to be printed and furnished to the precincts.

SECTION 12. IC 3-10-1-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 18. (a) Except as provided by subsection (b), the names of all candidates for each office who have qualified under IC 3-8 shall be arranged in alphabetical order by surnames under the designation of the office.

(b) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000). The names of all candidates for each office who have qualified under IC 3-8, except for a school board office, precinct committeeman, or state convention delegate, shall be arranged in random order by surnames under the designation of the office. The random order shall be determined using a lottery. The lottery held in accordance with this subsection shall be conducted in public by the county election board. The lottery shall be held not later than fifteen





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1	(15) days following the last day for a declaration of candidacy under
2	IC 3-8-2-4. All candidates whose names are to be arranged by way of
3	the lottery shall be notified at least five (5) days prior to the lottery of
4	the time and place at which the lottery is to be held. Each candidate
5	may have one (1) designated watcher and each county political party
6	may have one (1) designated watcher who shall be allowed to observe
7	the lottery procedure.
8	(c) For paper ballots, the left margin of the ballot for each political
9	party must show the name of the uppermost candidate printed to the
10	right of the number 1, the next candidate number 2, the next candidate
11	number 3, and so on, consecutively to the end of the ballot as
12	prescribed in section 19 of this chapter. The same order shall be
13	followed for the printing of ballot labels and their placement on the
14	voting machine or electronic voting system and for the printing of
15	ballot cards.
16	(d) This subsection applies to a county having a population of more
17	than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred
18	thousand (700,000). If there is insufficient room on a row to list each
19	candidate of a political party, a second or subsequent row may be
20	utilized. However, a second or subsequent row may not be utilized
21	unless the first row, and all preceding rows, have been filled.
22	SECTION 13. IC 3-10-1-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 19. (a) The ballot for
24	a primary election shall be printed in substantially the following form
25	for all the offices for which candidates have qualified under IC 3-8:
26	OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT
27	Party
28	To vote for a person make a voting mark (X or ✓) on or in the box
29	before the person's name in the proper column.
30	Vote for one only
31	Representative in Congress
32	[] (1) AB
33	[] (2) CD
34	[] (3) EF
35	[] (4) GH
36	(b) The offices with candidates for nomination shall be placed on
37	the primary election ballot in the following order:
38	(1) Federal and state offices:
39	(A) President of the United States.
40	(B) United States Senator.
41	(C) Governor.
42	(D) United States Representative.



1	(2) Legislative offices:	
2	(A) State senator.	
3	(B) State representative.	
4	(3) Circuit offices and county judicial offices:	
5	(A) Judge of the circuit court, and unless otherwise specified	
6	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than	
7	one (1) judge of the circuit court.	
8	(B) Judge of the superior court, and unless otherwise specified	
9	under IC 33, with each division separate if there is more than	
10	one (1) judge of the superior court.	
11	(C) Judge of the probate court.	
12	(D) Judge of the county court, with each division separate, as	
13	required by IC 33-30-3-3.	
14	(E) Prosecuting attorney.	
15	(F) Clerk of the circuit court.	
16	(4) County offices:	
17	(A) County auditor.	
18	(B) County recorder.	
19	(C) County treasurer.	
20	(D) County sheriff.	
21	(E) County coroner.	
22	(F) County surveyor.	
23	(G) County assessor.	
24	(H) County commissioner.	
25	(I) County council member.	
26	(5) Township offices:	
27	(A) Township assessor.	
28	(B) Township trustee.	V
29	(C) Township board member.	
30	(D) Judge of the small claims court.	
31	(E) Constable of the small claims court.	
32	(6) City offices:	
33	(A) Mayor.	
34	(B) Clerk or clerk-treasurer.	
35	(C) Judge of the city court.	
36	(D) City-county council member or common council member.	
37	(7) Town offices:	
38	(A) Clerk-treasurer.	
39	(B) Judge of the town court.	
40	(C) Town council member.	
41	(c) The political party offices with candidates for election shall be	
42	placed on the primary election ballot in the following order after the	



1	offices described in subsection (b):	
2	(1) Precinct committeeman.	
3	(2) State convention delegate.	
4	(d) The following offices and public questions shall be placed on the	
5	primary election ballot in the following order after the offices described	
6	in subsection (c):	
7	(1) School board offices to be elected at the primary election.	
8	(2) Other local offices to be elected at the primary election.	
9	(3) Local public questions.	
10	(e) The offices and public questions described in subsection (d)	1
11	shall be placed in a separate column on the ballot if voting is by paper	
12	ballot, ballot card voting system, or electronic voting system. or in a	
13	separate column of ballot labels if voting is by voting machine.	
14	(f) A public question shall be placed on the primary election ballot	
15	in the following form:	
16	(The explanatory text for the public question,	1
17	if required by law.)	•
18	"Shall (insert public question)?"	
19	[] YES	
20	[] NO	
21	SECTION 14. IC 3-10-1-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	I
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 23. In a primary	
23	election in a county having a city, voting machines, ballot card voting	
24	systems and electronic voting systems shall be employed as available	•
25	and adaptable and shall be supplemented by paper ballots as necessary.	
26	However, this section does not require the purchase of voting	
27	machines, ballot card voting systems or electronic voting systems for	1
28	a primary election.	
29	SECTION 15. IC 3-10-1-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 27. If voting machines	
31	or electronic voting systems are used in a precinct, one (1) of the poll	
32	clerks shall give a printed political party identification card to a voter	
33	after the voter signs the poll list. Before entering the voting machine or	
34	voting booth, the voter must give the party identification card to a	
35	judge, and the judge shall set or have the voting machine or electronic	
36	voting system set to allow the voter to vote only for the candidates of	
37	the voter's party. After the machine or system is set, the voter may	
38	register a vote upon it within the time provided under	
39	(1) IC 3-11-12-29.5, for a voting machine; or	
40	(2) IC 3-11-14-26. for an electronic voting system.	
41	SECTION 16. IC 3-10-1-28 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 28. After setting the	



voting machine or electronic voting system, the judge shall
immediately deposit the political party identification card in a sealed
container provided for that purpose. After the polls have closed, all
party identification cards shall be counted and compared with the total
number of votes cast in the election. All party identification cards must
be of durable quality and the same color irrespective of the party that
is designated.
SECTION 17. IC 3-10-4-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. (a) The names of the
candidates of:

candidates of:

(1) a political party;

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- (2) a group of petitioners under IC 3-8-6; or
- (3) a write-in candidate for the office of President or Vice President of the United States under IC 3-8-2-1.5;

for electors of President and Vice President of the United States may not be placed on the ballot.

- (b) The names of the nominees for President and Vice President of the United States of each political party or group of petitioners shall be placed:
  - (1) in one (1) column on the ballot if paper ballots or a ballot card voting system is used;
  - (2) on one (1) ballot label in one (1) column or row if voting machines are used; or
  - (3) (2) in a separate column on the ballot label if an electronic voting system is used.
- (c) The name of each write-in candidate for the office of President or Vice President of the United States shall be placed as provided under IC 3-11-2-6.

SECTION 18. IC 3-10-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2. (a) If paper ballots or a ballot card voting system is used, a single square shall be printed in front of a bracket enclosing the names of the nominees for President and Vice President of the United States on the left margin of each separate column of the ballot, immediately opposite the names of the nominees.

(b) The device named and list of nominees of the political party whose nominee received the highest number of votes in that county for secretary of state at the last election shall be placed in the first column on the left side of the ballot if paper ballots or a ballot card voting system is used or, if voting machines or an electronic voting system is used, in the first column or row. The political party whose nominee received the second highest number of votes in that county for









secretary of state at the last election shall be placed in the second column or row. Other political parties shall be placed on the ballot in the same order.

(c) If a political party or an independent ticket did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the last election, the party or ticket shall be placed on the ballot after the parties described in subsection (b). If more than one (1) political party or independent ticket that has qualified to be on the ballot did not have a candidate for secretary of state in the last election, each party or independent ticket shall be listed on the ballot in the order in which the party or independent ticket filed a petition of nomination under IC 3-8-6-12.

SECTION 19. IC 3-11-1.5-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 12. If a county executive adopts the use of voting machines, ballot card voting systems or electronic voting systems in a county in which voting machines, ballot card voting systems or electronic voting systems have not been previously used, the county executive may establish precincts after primary election day and before August 1 by combining two (2) or more precincts into one (1) precinct.

SECTION 20. IC 3-11-2-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7. The following statement shall be printed in underlined print at the extreme top of a ballot to be used in an election covered by this title: (or in the voting instructions for a voting machine) "It is a crime to falsify this ballot or to violate Indiana election laws."

SECTION 21. IC 3-11-2-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 8. All written or printed instructions must be at the top of the ballot (or above the ballot labels on a voting machine) immediately below the statement required by section 7 of this chapter. No other instructions or writing may appear at any other place on the ballot, including the ballot for federal and state offices, except as specified by this title. The instructions must be in English and any other language that the board considers necessary, clear, concise, and written so that a voter will not be confused about the effect of the voter's voting mark and vote.

SECTION 22. IC 3-11-2-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 10. (a) The name or title of the political party or independent ticket described in section 6 of this chapter shall be placed at the top of the ballot. The device of the political party or independent ticket shall be placed immediately under the name of the political party or independent ticket. The instructions for voting a straight party ticket shall be placed to the right of the

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1 device, or if the ballot is part of a direct recording electronic voting 2 system: 3 (1) the instructions for voting a straight party ticket; and 4 (2) the statement concerning presidential electors required under 5 IC 3-10-4-3; 6 may be posted in any location within the voting booth that permits the 7 voter to easily read the instructions instead of on the ballot face. 8 (b) The instructions for voting a straight party ticket must conform 9 as nearly as possible to the following: "To vote a straight (insert 10 political party name) ticket for all (political party name) candidates on 11 this ballot, make a voting mark on or in this circle and do not make any 12 other marks on this ballot. If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking 13 a nonpartisan office or on a public question, you must make another 14 voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot.". 15 (c) If the ballot contains an independent ticket described in section 16 6 of this chapter and at least one (1) other independent candidate, the 17 ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: 18 "A vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the 19 candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant 20 governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be 21 counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the 22 ballot.". 23 (d) The ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially 24 as follows: "A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for 25 a DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you 26 must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you 27 have written in or your vote will not be counted.". 28 (e) Except for variations in ballot arrangement permitted for voting 29 machines under IC 3-11-12-7, ballot card voting systems under 30 IC 3-11-13-11, or electronic voting systems under IC 3-11-14-7, the list 31 of candidates of the political party shall be placed immediately under 32 the instructions for voting a straight party ticket. The names of the 33 candidates shall be placed three-fourths (3/4) of an inch apart from 34 center to center of the name. The name of each candidate must have, 35 immediately on its left, a square three-eighths (3/8) of an inch on each side. 36 37 (f) The election division or the circuit court clerk may authorize the 38 printing of ballots containing a ballot variation code to ensure that the 39 proper version of a ballot is used within a precinct. 40 SECTION 23. IC 3-11-2-12.9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 12.9. (a) School board

offices to be elected at the general election shall be placed on the



1	general election ballot after the offices described in section 12 of this
2	chapter.
3	(b) School board offices shall be placed in a separate column on the
4	ballot or ballot label if voting is by paper ballot, ballot card voting
5	system, or electronic voting system. or in a separate column of ballot
6	labels if voting is by voting machine.
7	(c) This subsection applies to voting done by paper ballot or a ballot
8	card voting system. If the ballot contains a candidate for a school board
9	office, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially
10	as follows:
11	"To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark on or
12	in the square to the left of the candidate's name.".
13	SECTION 24. IC 3-11-2-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 13. (a) The following
15	offices and public questions shall be placed on the general election
16	ballot in the following order after the offices described in section 12.9
17	of this chapter:
18	(1) Retention of a justice of the supreme court.
19	(2) Retention of a judge of the court of appeals.
20	(3) Retention of the judge of the tax court.
21	(4) Ratification of a state constitutional amendment.
22	(b) Whenever more than one (1) justice of the supreme court is
23	subject to retention, the name of each justice must appear on the ballot
24	in alphabetical order. However, if the justice serving as chief justice is
25	subject to retention, the chief justice's name must appear first.
26	(c) Whenever more than one (1) judge of the court of appeals is
27	subject to retention, the name of each judge must appear on the ballot
28	in alphabetical order. However, if the judge serving as chief judge is
29	subject to retention, the chief judge's name must appear first.
30	(d) These offices and public questions shall be placed in a separate
31	column on the ballot or ballot label if voting is by paper ballot, ballot
32	card voting system, or electronic voting system. or in a separate column
33	of ballot labels if voting is by voting machine.
34	SECTION 25. IC 3-11-2-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
35	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 14. (a) The following
36	offices and public questions shall be placed on the general election
37	ballot in the following order after the offices and public questions
38	described in section 13 of this chapter:
39	(1) Retention of a local judge.
40	(2) Local nonpartisan judicial offices.
41	(3) Local public questions.
42	(b) These offices and public questions shall be placed in a separate



1	column on the ballot or ballot label if voting is by paper ballot, ballot
2	card voting system, or electronic voting system. or in a separate column
3	of ballot labels if voting is by voting machine.
4	(c) If the ballot contains a candidate for a local nonpartisan judicial
5	office, the ballot must also contain a statement that reads substantially
6	as follows: "To vote for a candidate for this office, make a voting mark
7	on or in the square to the left of the candidate's name."
8	(d) If more than one (1) local public question concerning the
9	retention of a local judge is to be placed on a ballot, the public
.0	questions shall be placed on the ballot:
.1	(1) in alphabetical order according to the surname of the local
2	judge; and
.3	(2) identifying the court (including division or room) in which the
4	judge serves.
.5	SECTION 26. IC 3-11-3-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. (a) If, in the
7	judgment of a county election board, the number of voters in a precinct
. 8	of the county where a voting machine system is used for voting is so
9	large that the machine voting system in use will not be sufficient to
20	register the vote of all the voters in the precinct, the board may use
21	paper ballots in addition to the machine. voting system. The voting by
22	paper ballot is subject to all the restrictions prescribed by this article.
23	(b) The county election board shall then notify the election division
24	of the board's determination and of the estimated number of state and
2.5	presidential ballots that will be required in the precinct.
26	SECTION 27. IC 3-11-3-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 11. The county election
28	board shall deliver the following to each inspector or the inspector's
29	representative:
0	(1) The sealed package of paper ballots, provisional ballots,
1	sample ballots, and any other supplies provided for the inspector's
32	precinct by the election division.
33	(2) (1) The <del>local</del> sample ballots, the ballot labels, if any, and all
4	poll lists, registration lists, and other supplies considered
55	necessary to conduct the election in the inspector's precinct.
66	(3) (2) The local ballots printed under the direction of the county
37	election board as follows:
8	(A) The number of ballots equal to one hundred percent
9	(100%) of the number of voters in the inspector's precinct,
10	according to the poll list.
1	(B) In those precincts where voting machines, ballot card
12	systems, or electronic voting systems are to be used, the



1	number of paper ballots that will be required for emergency
2	purposes only.
3	(C) Provisional ballots in the number considered necessary by
4	the county election board.
5	(4) (3) Twenty (20) ink pens suitable for printing the names of
6	write-in candidates on the ballot or ballot envelope.
7	(5) (4) Copies of the voter's bill of rights for posting as required
8	by 42 U.S.C. 15482.
9	(6) (5) Copies of the instructions for a provisional voter required
10	by 42 U.S.C. 15482. The county election board shall provide at
11	least the number of copies of the instructions as the number of
12	provisional ballots provided under subdivision (3). subdivision
13	(2).
14	SECTION 28. IC 3-11-3-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 12. (a) The <del>local</del> ballots
16	delivered to the inspector of each precinct under section 11 of this
17	chapter shall be placed in a strong and stout paper envelope or bag,
18	which shall then be tightly closed, fastened securely, and attested by
19	the initials of the circuit court clerk or the clerk's designee in the
20	presence of the inspector or the inspector's representative. The
21	inspector shall sign a receipt for the ballots. The ballot packages may
22	not be opened until:
23	(1) they have been delivered to the precinct election board to
24	which they are directed; and
25	(2) the precinct election board is fully organized and ready for the
26	reception of votes.
27	(b) The local provisional ballots delivered to the inspector of each
28	precinct under section 11 of this chapter shall be placed in a strong and
29	stout paper envelope or bag, separate from the bag described in
30	subsection (a), which shall then be tightly closed, fastened securely,
31	and attested by the initials of the circuit court clerk or the clerk's
32	designee in the presence of the inspector or the inspector's
33	representative. The inspector shall sign a receipt for the provisional
34	ballots. The provisional ballot packages may not be opened until:
35	(1) they have been delivered to the precinct election board to
36	which they are directed; and
37	(2) the precinct election board is fully organized and ready to
38	receive votes.
39	SECTION 29. IC 3-11-3-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 22. (a) Each county
41	election board shall have printed in at least 14 point type on cards in
42	English, braille, and any other language that the board considers



1	management the fallowing.
1	necessary, the following:
2	(1) Instructions for the guidance of voters in preparing their
3	ballots.
5	(2) Instructions explaining the procedure for write-in voting.
	(3) Write-in voting notice cards that must be posted in each
6 7	precinct that utilizes a voting machine or ballot card voting
8	system that does not permit write-in voting. The notice cards must
9	direct voters who want to cast write-in votes to request a write-in ballot from an election official.
10	(b) The board shall furnish the number of cards it determines to be
11	adequate for each precinct to the inspector at the same time the board
12	delivers the ballots for the precinct and shall furnish a magnifier upon
13	request to a voter who requests a magnifier to read the cards.
13	SECTION 30. IC 3-11-3-35 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 35. (a) This section
16	applies to a county having a population of more than four hundred
17	thousand (400,000), but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000).
18	(b) In each precinct where voting is by voting machine or electronic
19	voting system, the county election board shall provide the following to
20	be used if a voting machine or an electronic voting system
21	malfunctions:
22	(1) The following number of paper ballots:
23	(A) Not less than ten (10) if the number of registered voters in
24	the precinct is not more than three hundred (300).
25	(B) Not less than twenty-five (25) if the number of registered
26	voters in the precinct is more than three hundred (300).
27	(2) The necessary supplies and equipment as required by
28	IC 3-11-11.
29	(c) Upon notice that a voting machine or an electronic voting system
30	is out of order or fails to work, the precinct election board shall make
31	the paper ballots provided under subsection (b) available to voters. The
32	precinct election board shall contact the county election board to obtain
33	additional ballots.
34	(d) Upon notice that a voting machine or an electronic voting system
35	is out of order or fails to work, the county election board shall deliver
36	additional necessary supplies to any precinct in the county, including
37	additional paper ballots.
38	SECTION 31. IC 3-11-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. The legislative body
40	of a county may establish a cumulative fund under IC 6-1.1-41 to

provide funds for the purchase of voting machines, ballot card voting

systems or electronic voting systems.



41

1	SECTION 32. IC 3-11-6.5-6.1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 6.1. (a) When
3	approving applications for reimbursement for voting systems under this
4	chapter, the budget agency shall give priority to approving applications
5	to replace a punch card voting system or voting machine system.
6	(b) This section expires January 1, 2006.
7	SECTION 33. IC 3-11-7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. (a) The commission
9	must approve a ballot card voting system before it may be used in an
.0	election.
1	(b) After June 30, 2001, the commission may not approve a punch
2	card voting system for use in an election.
3	SECTION 34. IC 3-11-7-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4. A ballot card voting
5	system must permit a voter to vote either:
6	(1) a straight party ticket for all of the candidates of a political
.7	party by a single mark or punch on each ballot card;
8	(2) a split ticket for the candidates of different political parties
9	and for independent candidates; or
20	(3) a straight party ticket and then split that ticket by casting
21	individual votes for candidates of another political party or
22	independent candidate.
23	SECTION 35. IC 3-11-7-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12. (a) The
25	commission shall:
26	(1) require the vendor to have tests conducted concerning the
27	suitability compliance of a ballot card voting system with HAVA
28	and the standards set forth in this chapter and IC 3-11-15;
29	and
30	(2) have the results of the tests evaluated by the person
31	designated under IC 3-11-16;
32	before determining whether to approve the application for
3	certification of a ballot card voting system.
4	(b) The tests required under this section must be performed by
55	an independent laboratory accredited under Section 231 of HAVA
66	(42 U.S.C. 15371). The vendor shall pay any testing expenses
57	incurred under this section.
8	(c) A ballot card voting system may not be marketed, sold,
19	leased, installed, or implemented in Indiana before the application
10	for certification of the system is approved by the commission.
1	(d) An approval of a ballot card voting system under this
12	chapter expires on the date specified in section 19(a) of this



1	ahantan
2	chapter.  SECTION 36. IC 3-11-7-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
3	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 15. (a) A vendor
4	may apply for approval of a proposed improvement or change to a
5	ballot card voting system shall be reported to the election division by:
6	(1) the vendor, if a vendor is involved in the proposed change;
7	and
8	(2) the county election board, if a county is proposing the change.
9	that is currently certified by the commission. A proposed
10	improvement or change may not be marketed, sold, leased, installed,
11	or implemented in Indiana before the <b>application for the</b> improvement
12	or change is approved by the commission.
13	(b) A report of An application for approval of an improvement or
13	change must be in the form prescribed by the commission.
15	(c) The vendor applying for approval of an improvement or
16	change must have the improvement or change to the voting system
17	tested by an independent laboratory accredited under Section 231
18	of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15371). The vendor shall pay any testing
19	expenses incurred under this subsection.
20	(c) (d) The election division (or a competent the person designated
21	by the commission to act on behalf of the election division under
22	IC 3-11-16) shall review the <b>proposed</b> improvement or change to the
23	voting system and report the results of the review to the commission.
24	The commission shall determine, within a reasonable period of time,
25	whether the improvement or change impairs the accuracy, efficiency,
26	capacity, or ability to meet the requirements of this chapter or the
27	standards adopted by the commission under section 2 of this chapter.
28	The review must indicate:
29	(1) whether the proposed improvement or change has been
30	approved by an independent laboratory accredited under
31	Section 231 of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15371); and
32	(2) whether the proposed improvement or change would
33	comply with HAVA and the standards set forth in this chapter
34	and IC 3-11-15.
35	(d) (e) After the commission has approved the application for an
36	improvement or change to a ballot card voting system, the
37	improvement or change may be marketed, sold, leased, installed, or
38	implemented in Indiana.
39	(f) An approval of an application under this section expires on
40	the date specified under section 19(a) of this chapter.
41	SECTION 37. IC 3-11-7-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
<b>→</b> 1	SECTION 31. IC 3-11-1-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 16. The



commission may not approve the **marketing**, sale, **lease**, **installation**, **or implementation** of a ballot card voting system by a vendor if the commission finds that the system fails to meet all statutory requirements.

SECTION 38. IC 3-11-7-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 17. (a) The election division (or a competent the person designated by the commission to act on behalf of the election division under IC 3-11-16) may periodically examine a ballot card voting system that the commission has previously approved to determine if whether the system is still in compliance with all statutory requirements and whether the voting system in use in a county has the same hardware, firmware, and software as the version of the voting system that was certified by the commission.

- (b) If the election division or competent person finds that a system examined under does not comply with subsection (a), fails to meet all requirements and standards, and the commission concurs in these findings, the commission may by unanimous vote of all of the members of the commission, rescind the commission's approval of the voting system.
- (c) If the commission's approval is rescinded under subsection (b), the commission may by unanimous vote of all of the members of the commission:
  - (1) recommend that use of the system be discontinued; and
  - (2) prohibit the system from being **installed**, **implemented**, leased, marketed, **used**, **permitted to be used**, or sold for use in Indiana in an election conducted under this title.
- (d) This subsection applies to a ballot card voting system approved for its initial certification before:
  - (1) March 25, 1992; or
  - (2) a revision of IC 3-11-15 enacted after July 1, 1997, that imposes additional standards that did not apply to the voting system at the time of the system's initial certification.

The commission may, by unanimous consent of its entire membership, require the voting system to be tested by an independent authority designated by the commission. The vendor shall pay any testing expenses under this subsection.

(e) If the independent testing authority determines that a voting system tested under subsection (d) does not comply with this article, the commission may, by unanimous consent of its entire membership, prohibit the system from being leased, marketed, or sold for use in Indiana in an election conducted under this title.











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SECTION 39. IC 3-11-7-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 18. (a) The
commission may require a county executive to shall file a copy of all
contracts, leases, or purchase orders, including modifications, for the
sale or lease of voting equipment, systems, or software with the
election division.
(b) The election division may advise or instruct county officials on
the content of the documents listed in subsection (a) must be filed not
later than thirty (30) days after the date of approval of the
contract, lease, or purchase order by the county executive.
SECTION 40. IC 3-11-7-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19. (a) Except as
provided in subsection (g), the approval of a ballot card voting system
under this chapter expires five (5) years after the date the commission
approves the system. October 1 of the year following the year in

(b) The vendor of a voting system approved under this chapter may request that the approval be renewed by filing an application with the election division.

which presidential electors are elected under IC 3-10-2-3.

- (c) The application described in subsection (b) must identify all counties that are currently using the voting system. Before considering the commission considers the application for renewal, the election division shall give notice by regular United States mail of the application to the circuit court clerk of each county listed in the application.
- (d) When the commission considers the application, the commission shall request comments regarding the renewal of the application from any interested person. Before acting on the application for renewal, the commission must receive a report from the person designated under IC 3-11-16 indicating that the hardware, firmware, and software included in the application for renewal of the voting system is identical to the version of the voting system previously certified by the commission.
- (e) The commission may, by unanimous consent of its entire membership, order the voting system to be tested by an independent authority designated by the commission. The vendor shall pay any testing expenses under this subsection.
- (f) (e) After receiving the report under subsection (d) and receiving comments from interested persons, the commission shall approve an application for renewal under this section if the commission finds that the voting system:
  - (1) complies with the standards prescribed under this chapter;











1	(2) has worked effectively where the system has been used; and	
2	(3) has been adequately supported by the vendor of the system.	
3	(g) (f) If the commission finds that a vendor has marketed, sold,	
4	leased, installed, implemented, or permitted the use of a voting system	
5	in Indiana that:	
6	(1) has not been certified by the commission for use in Indiana; or	
7	(2) includes hardware, firmware, or software in a version that has	
8	not been approved for use in Indiana;	
9	the commission may revoke the approval granted under this section and	
10	prohibit the vendor from marketing, leasing, or selling any voting	
11	system in Indiana for a specific period not to exceed five (5) years.	
12	(h) (g) A vendor subject to subsection (g) (f) may continue to	
13	provide support during the period specified in subsection (g) (f) to a	
14	county that has acquired a voting system from the vendor after the	
15	vendor certifies that the voting system to be supported by the vendor	
16	only includes hardware, firmware, and software approved for use in	
17	Indiana.	,
18	SECTION 41. IC 3-11-7.5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. A person owning	
20	or interested in an electronic voting system may request the election	
21	division (or a competent person designated by the commission to act on	
22	behalf of the election division) to examine the submit an application	
23	for approval of an electronic voting system and report on its	
24	accuracy, efficiency, and capacity. in the form prescribed by the	
25	commission.	
26	SECTION 42. IC 3-11-7.5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	_
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. (a) The	`
28	commission shall:	
29	(1) require the vendor to have tests conducted concerning the	١
30	compliance of an electronic voting system with HAVA and the	
31	standards set forth in this chapter and IC 3-11-15; and	
32	(2) have the results of the tests evaluated by the person	
33	designated under IC 3-11-16;	
34	before determining whether to approve the application for	
35	certification of an electronic voting system.	
36	(b) The tests required under this section must be performed by	
37	an independent laboratory accredited under Section 231 of HAVA	
38	(42 U.S.C. 15371). The vendor shall pay any testing expenses under	
39	this section.	
40	(c) If the commission finds that an electronic voting system	
41	complies with this article, the commission may approve the system.	
42	The approved system then may be adopted for use at an election.	



	d) An electronic voting system may not be marketed, sold,
	ed, installed, or implemented in Indiana before the application
	certification of the system is approved by the commission.
	e) An approval of an electronic voting system under this
-	pter expires on the date specified by section 28(a) of this
	pter.
	SECTION 43. IC 3-11-7.5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
	LLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) A vendor
	apply for approval of a proposed improvement or change to an
elec	tronic voting system shall be reported to the election division by:
	(1) the vendor, if a vendor is involved in the proposed change;
	and
41. 4	(2) the county election board, if a county is proposing the change.
	t is currently certified by the commission. A proposed
_	rovement or change may not be marketed, sold, leased, installed,
	inplemented in Indiana before the application for the improvement
	hange is approved by the commission.
,	b) A report of An application for approval of an improvement or
	nge must be in the form prescribed by the commission.
	c) The vendor applying for approval of an improvement or
	nge must have the improvement or change to the voting system
	ed by an independent laboratory accredited under Section 231
	HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15371). The vendor shall pay any testing
-	enses incurred under this subsection.
	c) (d) The election division (or a competent the person designated
•	he commission to act on behalf of the election division under
	3-11-16) shall review the improvement or change to the voting
-	em and report the results of the review to the commission. The
	mission shall determine within a reasonable period of time whether
	improvement or change impairs the accuracy, efficiency, capacity,
	bility to meet the requirements of this article. The review must
indi	cate:
	(1) whether the proposed improvement or change has been
	approved by an independent laboratory accredited under
	Section 231 of HAVA (42 U.S.C. 15371); and
	(2) whether the proposed improvement or change would
	comply with HAVA and the standards set forth in this chapter
	and IC 3-11-15.
	d) (e) After the commission has examined and approved the
	lication for an improvement or change to an electronic voting
•	em, the improvement or change may be marketed, sold, leased,
insta	alled, or implemented in Indiana.



1 (f) An approval of an application under this section expires on 2 the date specified by section 28(a) of this chapter. 3 SECTION 44. IC 3-11-7.5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 4 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. The commission 5 may not approve the marketing, sale, lease, installation, or 6 implementation of an electronic voting system unless the system 7 meets the specifications in sections 8 through 19 of this chapter and in 8 IC 3-11-15. 9 SECTION 45. IC 3-11-7.5-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 10 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 21. A county executive may adopt and purchase, or procure, lease, install, 11 12 implement, or authorize the use of an electronic voting system only 13 after the system has been approved by the commission. SECTION 46. IC 3-11-7.5-26 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 14 15 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 26. (a) The election 16 division (or a competent the person designated by the commission to 17 act on behalf of the election division under IC 3-11-16) may 18 periodically examine an electronic voting system that the commission 19 has previously approved to determine if whether that system is still in compliance with all statutory requirements and whether the voting 20 2.1 system in use in a county has the same hardware, firmware, and 22 software as the version of the voting system that was certified by 23 the commission. 24 (b) If the election division or competent person finds that a system 25 examined under does not comply with subsection (a), fails to meet all 26 requirements and standards, and the commission concurs in these 27 findings, the commission may by unanimous vote of all of the members 28 of the commission, rescind the commission's approval of the voting 29 system. 30 (c) If the commission's approval is rescinded under subsection (b), 31 the commission may by unanimous vote of all of the members of the 32 commission: 33 (1) recommend that use of the system be discontinued; and 34 (2) prohibit the system from being installed, implemented, 35 leased, marketed, used, permitted to be used, or sold for use in 36 Indiana in an election conducted under this title. 37 (d) This subsection applies to an electronic voting system approved 38 for its initial certification before: 39 (1) March 25, 1992; or 40 (2) a revision of IC 3-11-15 enacted after July 1, 1997, that

imposes additional standards that did not apply to the voting

system at the time of the system's initial certification.



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The commission may, by unanimous consent of its entire membership, require the voting system to be tested by an independent authority designated by the commission. The vendor shall pay any testing expenses under this subsection.

(e) If the independent testing authority determines that a voting system tested under subsection (d) does not comply with this article, the commission may, by unanimous consent of its entire membership, prohibit the system from being leased, marketed, or sold for use in Indiana in an election conducted under this title.

SECTION 47. IC 3-11-7.5-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 27. (a) The commission may require a county executive to shall file a copy of all contracts, leases, or purchase orders, including modifications, for the sale or lease of voting equipment, systems, or software with the election division.

(b) The election division may advise or instruct county officials on the content of the documents listed in subsection (a) must be filed not later than thirty (30) days after the date of approval of the contract, lease, or purchase order by the county executive.

SECTION 48. IC 3-11-7.5-28 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 28. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g), the approval of an electronic voting system under this chapter expires five (5) years after the date the commission approves the system. October 1 of the year following the year in which presidential electors are elected under IC 3-10-2-3.

- (b) The vendor of a voting system approved under this chapter may request that the approval be renewed by filing an application with the election division.
- (c) The application described in subsection (b) must identify all counties that are currently using the voting system. Before the commission considers the application for renewal, the election division shall give notice by regular United States mail of the application to the circuit court clerk of each county listed in the application.
- (d) When the commission considers the application, the election division shall request comments regarding the renewal of the application from any interested person. Before acting on the application for renewal, the commission must receive a report from the person designated under IC 3-11-16 indicating that the hardware, firmware, and software included in the application for renewal of the voting system is identical to the version of the voting system previously certified by the commission.
  - (e) The commission may, by unanimous consent of the



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1	commission's entire membership, order the voting system to be tested	
2	by an independent authority designated by the commission. The vendor	
3	shall pay any testing expenses under this subsection.	
4	(f) (e) After receiving the report under subsection (d) and	
5	comments from interested persons, the commission shall approve an	
6	application for renewal under this section if the commission finds that	
7	the voting system:	
8	(1) complies with the standards prescribed under this chapter;	
9	(2) has worked effectively where the system has been used; and	
10	(3) has been adequately supported by the vendor of the system.	
11	(g) (f) If the commission finds that a vendor has marketed, sold,	
12	leased, installed, implemented, or permitted the use of a voting system	
13	in Indiana that:	
14	(1) has not been certified by the commission for use in Indiana; or	
15	(2) includes hardware, firmware, or software in a version that has	
16	not been approved for use in Indiana;	
17	the commission may revoke the approval granted under this section and	
18	prohibit the vendor from marketing, leasing, or selling any voting	
19	system in Indiana for a specific period not to exceed five (5) years.	
20	(h) (g) A vendor subject to subsection (g) subsection (f) may	
21	continue to provide support during the period specified in subsection	
22	(g) subsection (f) to a county that has acquired a voting system from	
23	the vendor after the vendor certifies that the voting system to be	
24	supported by the vendor only includes hardware, firmware, and	
25	software approved for use in Indiana.	
26	SECTION 49. IC 3-11-9-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
27	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2. (a) A voter who:	•
28	(1) is a voter with disabilities; or	
29	(2) is unable to read or write English;	1
30	may request assistance in voting before entering the voting booth and	
31	designate a person (other than the voter's employer, an officer of the	
32	voter's union, or an agent of the voter's employer or union) to assist the	
33	voter in voting at an election, as required by 42 U.S.C. 1973aa-6.	
34	(b) This subsection does not apply to a person designated by a voter	
35	described by subsection (a) who is voting absentee before two (2)	
36	members of the absentee voter board. The person designated must	
37	execute a sworn affidavit on a form provided by the precinct election	
38	board stating that, to the best of the designated person's knowledge, the	
39	voter:	
40	(1) is a voter with disabilities or is unable to read or write English;	
41	and	
42	(2) has requested the designated person to assist the voter in	



1	voting under this section.
2	(c) The person designated may then accompany the voter into the
3	voting booth and assist the voter in marking the voter's paper ballot or
4	ballot card or in registering the voter's vote on the voting machine or
5	electronic voting system.
6	SECTION 50. IC 3-11-9-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. (a) The following
8	individuals shall assist a voter described by section 2 of this chapter
9	who requests assistance in voting before entering the voting booth but
10	does not wish to designate a person under that section.
11	(1) The two (2) judges if the voter is voting at a precinct.
12	(2) Two (2) members of the absentee voter board if the voter is
13	voting absentee.
14	(b) This subsection does not apply to a person designated by a voter
15	described by subsection (a) who is voting absentee before two (2)
16	members of the absentee voter board. The individuals described in
17	subsection (a) shall execute a sworn affidavit on a form provided by the
18	precinct election board stating that, to the best of the individuals'
19	knowledge, the voter:
20	(1) is a voter with disabilities or is unable to read or write English;
21	(2) has requested assistance in voting; and
22	(3) does not wish to designate a person to assist the voter in
23	voting under section 2 of this chapter.
24	(c) The two (2) individuals described in subsection (a) shall then
25	accompany the voter into the voting booth to assist the voter in marking
26	the voter's paper ballot or ballot card or in registering the voter's vote
27	on the voting machine or electronic voting system.
28	SECTION 51. IC 3-11-13-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 6. (a) Before an
30	election at which a ballot card voting system is used, a county election
31	board shall:
32	(1) have the marking devices prepared for the election;
33	(2) have the marking devices put in order, set and adjusted, and
34	made ready for voting when delivered to the precincts; and
35	(3) provide the precinct election officers with marking devices, a
36	demonstration marking device, (except in precincts using optical
37	scan ballots), ballot cards, ballot boxes, ballot labels, and other
38	records and supplies as required.
39	(b) While acting under subsection (a), the county election board
40	may restrict access to parts of the room where marking devices and
41	other election material are being handled to safeguard this material.
42	(c) Each county election board shall have each ballot card voting



system, along with all necessary furniture and appliances that go with the system at the polls, delivered to the appropriate precinct not later than 6 p.m. of the day before election day. The county executive shall provide transportation for the systems if requested to do so by the county election board.

SECTION 52. IC 3-11-13-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 14. In partisan elections, the ballot labels must include a voting square or position where a voter may by one (1) mark or punch on each card record a straight party or an independent ticket vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or the independent ticket, except for offices for which the voter has voted individually for a candidate. If the voter records a vote for the two (2) candidates comprising an independent ticket, the vote must not count for any other independent candidate on the ballot.

SECTION 53. IC 3-11-13-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 18. (a) This subsection does not apply to an optical scan voting system and expires January 1, 2006. Each ballot card provided under section 17 of this chapter must have two (2) attached perforated stubs on which is printed the same serial number. The top stub shall be bound or stapled in the package of ballot cards retained by the precinct election officers. The following information must be printed on the second stub:

- (1) The name of the political subdivision holding the election.
- (2) The designation of the election.
- (3) The date of the election.
- (4) The instructions to the voters.
- (5) In a primary election, the name of the political party.
- (b) (a) The county election board in a county using a ballot card voting system shall provide ballot cards to the precinct election board that permit voters to cast write-in votes for each officer to be voted for at that election.
- (c) (b) The ballot cards provided under subsection (b) subsection (a) must be:
  - (1) designed to be folded; or
- (2) accompanied by a secrecy envelope; to ensure the secrecy of each of the votes cast by a voter.
- (d) (c) This subsection is enacted to comply with 42 U.S.C. 15481 by establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an optical scan voting system. Except as provided in subsection (e), (d), a write-in vote shall be cast by printing the name of the candidate and the title of the office in the space provided for write-in votes on a ballot card or secrecy envelope.

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26 1 (e) (d) Space for write-in voting for an office is not required if there 2 are no declared write-in candidates for that office. However, 3 procedures must be implemented to permit write-in voting for 4 candidates for federal offices. 5 SECTION 54. IC 3-11-13-24 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 6 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 24. The test required 7 by section 22 of this chapter must: 8 (1) include the visual inspection of the voting devices for the 9 correct alignment of the card stock and the templates for proper 10 punching; (2) (1) be conducted by processing a preaudited group of ballot 11 12 cards punched or marked so as to record a predetermined number 13 of valid votes for each candidate and on each public question; and 14 (3) (2) include for each office one (1) or more ballot cards that have votes in excess of the number allowed by law in order to test 15 16 the ability of the automatic tabulating machines to reject the 17 18 SECTION 55. IC 3-11-13-26 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 19 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 26. After completion 20 of the count, the tabulating machines shall be sealed. in the same 21 manner as voting machines under IC 3-12-2.5-6. The ballot cards and 22 all other election materials shall be sealed, retained, and disposed of as 23 provided for paper ballots. 24 SECTION 56. IC 3-11-13-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 27. (a) After the 25 26 delivery of a ballot card voting system to a precinct, the precinct 27

SECTION 56. IC 3-11-13-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 27. (a) After the delivery of a ballot card voting system to a precinct, the precinct election board may meet at the polls on the same day and open the package containing the sample ballot cards, to determine whether the system is ready for use in accordance with section 16 of this chapter. If a ballot card voting system is not in compliance with that section, the board shall immediately label, set and adjust, and place the system in order or have it done.

- (b) While acting under subsection (a), the precinct election board may restrict access to parts of the room where marking devices and other election material are being handled to safeguard this material.
- (c) On the morning of election day, the precinct election officers shall meet at the polls at least one (1) hour before the time for opening the polls. The inspector then shall have:
  - (1) the chute erected;
  - (2) the sample ballots and instruction cards posted; and
  - (3) everything put in readiness for the commencement of voting at the opening of the polls.



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1	(d) Before the opening of the polls, the precinct election officers
2	shall do the following:
3	(1) Compare the ballot cards used in the marking device with the
4	sample ballots furnished and determine whether the names,
5	numbers, and letters are in agreement.
6	(2) Determine that the system records that zero (0) votes have
7	been cast for each candidate and on each public question.
8	(3) Assure that the system is otherwise in perfect order.
9	(e) The officers then shall certify that:
10	(1) the marking device and the sample ballots are in agreement;
11	(2) the system records zero (0) votes cast; and
12	(3) the system appears to be in perfect order.
13	Forms shall be provided for certification, and the certification shall be
14	filed with the election returns.
15	SECTION 57. IC 3-11-13-28.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 28.5. (a) Unless
17	challenged, a voter may proceed to vote.
18	(b) This subsection does not apply to an optical scan voting system.
19	After a voter has signed the poll list, the poll clerk holding the ballot
20	card shall remove the top stub, as described in section 18 of this
21	chapter, and deliver to the voter one (1) of each ballot card that the
22	voter is entitled to vote at the election. The top stub (and any second
23	stub declined by the voter under section 33 of this chapter) shall be
24	retained by the precinct election board and returned to the election
25	board following the close of the polls.
26	(c) (b) As each successive voter calls for a ballot, the poll clerks
27	shall deliver to the voter the first initialed ballot of each type. The
28	inspector shall then deliver to the poll clerks another ballot of each
29	type, which the clerks shall initial as before.
30	(d) (c) This subsection applies after December 31, 2005, to an
31	optical scan ballot card ballot tabulated at a central location. As
32	provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, when a voter receives an optical scan
33	ballot card ballot, the board must also provide the voter with:
34	(1) information concerning the effect of casting multiple votes for
35	an office; and
36	(2) instructions on how to correct the ballot before the ballot is
37	cast and counted, including the issuance of replacement ballots.
38	SECTION 58. IC 3-11-13-28.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
39	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 28.7. (a) The two (2)
40	poll clerks of each precinct shall place their initials in ink on the
41	secrecy envelope of a ballot card (or on the fold-over part of a ballot
42	card described in section $18(c)(1)$ section $18(b)(1)$ of this chapter) at



1	the time the card is issued to a voter. The initials must be in the poll
2 3	clerk's ordinary handwriting or printing and without a distinguishing mark of any kind.
4	(b) This subsection is enacted to comply with 42 U.S.C. 15481 by
5	establishing uniform and nondiscriminatory standards to define what
6	constitutes a vote on an optical scan voting system. A write-in vote cast
7	on a secrecy envelope or fold-over envelope:
8	(1) is not valid unless:
9	(A) the secrecy envelope is initialed by both poll clerks; and
.0	(B) the vote includes both the name of the write-in candidate
1	and the office for which the write-in vote is cast; and
2	(2) makes the secrecy envelope or fold-over envelope a ballot for
.3	purposes of this title.
4	SECTION 59. IC 3-11-13-29 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
. 5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 29. (a) In addition to
. 6	the instructions printed on the ballot card or ballot labels, instructions
.7	to voters shall be posted in each voting booth or placed on the marking
. 8	device. Each voter shall be instructed by both judges, on request, on
.9	how to operate the voting device before the voter enters the voting
20	booth.
21	(b) The instructions posted in the voting booth or placed on the
22	marking device must state the following:
23	(1) That the voter should examine the ballot card to determine if
24	it contains the initials of the poll clerks in ink on the back of the
2.5	card.
26	(2) That the voter should not make an unnecessary mark or punch
27	on the ballot card because the mark or punch may void the card.
28	(3) That the voter should examine the ballot card to determine if
29	the card has any mark (other than the initials of the poll clerks)
30	before voting.
31	(4) That the voter should return the ballot card to the poll clerks
32	and request another ballot card if:
33	(A) the poll clerks' initials have not been properly placed on
34	the card;
35	(B) the card has a mark (other than the initials of the poll
56	clerks) before the voter places a voting mark on the ballot; or
37	(C) the voter has improperly marked <del>or punched</del> the card.
8	(5) That the voter should examine the ballot card after voting to
19	determine that all marks or punches made on the card to indicate
10	the voter's selections have been completely marked. or punched.
1	(c) This subsection applies after December 31, 2005. As provided
12	by 42 U.S.C. 15481, a voter casting an optical scan ballot card under



1	this section must be:
2	(1) permitted to verify in a private and an independent manner the
3	votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
4	(2) provided the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any
5	error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is cast
6	and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement
7	ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the
8	ballot; and
9	(3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting
10	multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to
11	correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.
12	SECTION 60. IC 3-11-13-30 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 30. When a voter is
14	handed a ballot card, the voter shall be instructed to:
15	(1) use only the marking device provided for <del>punching, slotting,</del>
16	or marking the cards and that the voter is not to mark a card in
17	any other way;
18	(2) be certain that the initials of the poll clerks appear on the
19	voter's card and that if the initials are not on the card it will not be
20	counted, except as provided by IC 3-12-1-12; and
21	(3) place the voter's card in an envelope after the voter has voted
22	or to fold the card in a manner so that no card is exposed upon
23	which a choice is indicated.
24	SECTION 61. IC 3-11-13-31.7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 31.7. (a) This section
26	is enacted to comply with 42 U.S.C. 15481 by establishing uniform and
27	nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an
28	optical scan voting system.
29	(b) After receiving ballot cards, a voter shall, without leaving the
30	room, go alone into one (1) of the booths or compartments that is
31	unoccupied and indicate:
32	(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by <del>punching</del>
33	a hole in or marking the squares immediately beside the
34	candidates' names; and
35	(2) the voter's preference on each public question by <del>punching a</del>
36	hole in or marking the square beside the word "yes" or "no" under
37	the question.
38	(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter
39	desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group
40	of petitioners, the voter may <del>punch</del> a <del>hole in or</del> mark the circle
41	enclosing the device and beside the name under which the candidates
<b>+</b> 1	cholosing the device and beside the name under which the candidates

of the party or group of petitioners are printed. The voter's vote shall



1	then be counted for all the candidates under that name. However, if the
2	voter <del>punches</del> a hole in or marks the circle of an independent ticket
3	comprised of two (2) candidates, the vote shall not be counted for any
4	other independent candidate on the ballot.
5	SECTION 62. IC 3-11-13-33 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 33. (a) After a voter has
7	marked a ballot card, the voter shall place it inside the envelope
8	provided for this purpose or fold the envelope described in section
9	18(c)(1) of this chapter and return the ballot card to the judge.
10	(b) This subsection does not apply to an optical scan ballot or to a
11	ballot card with a fold-over envelope. The judge shall remove the
12	second stub, as described in section 18 of this chapter, from the
13	envelope and offer the second stub to the voter.
14	(e) (b) The judge shall offer to return the envelope with the ballot
15	card inside to the voter. The voter shall:
16	(1) accept the envelope and deposit it in the ballot box; or
17	(2) decline the envelope and require the judge to deposit it in the
18	ballot box.
19	(d) (c) If a voter offers to vote a ballot card that is not inside the
20	envelope provided for this purpose or with the envelope not folded if
21	the ballot is described in section 18(c)(1) section 18(b)(1) of this
22	chapter, the precinct election board shall direct the voter to return to
23	the booth and place the ballot card in the envelope provided for this
24	purpose or fold the envelope.
25	(e) (d) After a voter's ballot cards have been deposited in the ballot
26	box, the poll clerks shall make a voting mark after the voter's name on
27	the poll list.
28	(f) (e) After voting, a voter shall leave the polls. However, a voter
29	to whom ballot cards and a marking device have been delivered may
30	not leave the polls without voting the ballot cards or returning them to
31	the poll clerk from whom the voter received them.
32	SECTION 63. IC 3-11-13-35 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 35. (a) If a voter spoils
34	or defaces a ballot card or marks it erroneously, the voter shall return
35	the card so as not to disclose any choices that the voter has made.
36	(b) This subsection does not apply to an optical scan ballot. A voter
37	returning a ballot must comply with subsection (a) by folding the stub
38	on the ballot card.
39	(c) After complying with subsection (b), the voter then may receive
40	another ballot card. Upon receipt of a defective ballot card, the precinct
41	election board shall:
42	(1) immediately cancel the defective card by writing on the back



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1	of the card and stub the word "VOID" in ink or in indelible pencil;
2	and
3	(2) without detaching any stub attached to the card, place the card
4	in the container for voided ballots in a manner that does not
5	expose the choices of the voter.
6	SECTION 64. IC 3-11-14-23 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 23. (a) This section is
8	enacted to comply with 42 U.S.C. 15481 by establishing uniform and
9	nondiscriminatory standards to define what constitutes a vote on an
10	electronic voting system.
11	(b) If a voter is not challenged by a member of the precinct election
12	board, the voter may pass the railing to the side where an electronic
13	voting system is and into the voting booth. There the voter shall
14	register the voter's vote in secret by indicating:
15	(1) the candidates for whom the voter desires to vote by touching
16	a device on or in the squares immediately above the candidates'
17	names;
18	(2) if the voter intends to cast a write-in vote, a write-in vote by
19	touching a device on or in the square immediately below the
20	candidates' names and printing the name of the candidate in the
21	window provided for write-in voting; and
22	(3) the voter's preference on each public question by touching a
23	device above the word "yes" or "no" under the question.
24	(c) If an election is a general or municipal election and a voter
25	desires to vote for all the candidates of one (1) political party or group
26	of petitioners, the voter may cast a straight party ticket by touching that
27	party's device. The voter's vote shall then be counted for all the
28	candidates under that name. However, if the voter casts a vote by
29	touching the circle of an independent ticket comprised of two (2)
30	candidates, the vote shall not be counted for any other independent
31	candidate on the ballot.
32	(d) This subsection applies after December 31, 2005. As provided
33	by 42 U.S.C. 15481, a voter casting a ballot on an electronic voting
34	system must be:
35	(1) permitted to verify in a private and an independent manner the
36	votes selected by the voter before the ballot is cast and counted;
37	(2) provided the opportunity to change the ballot or correct any
38	error in a private and independent manner before the ballot is cast
39	and counted, including the opportunity to receive a replacement
40	ballot if the voter is otherwise unable to change or correct the
41	ballot; and
42	(3) notified before the ballot is cast regarding the effect of casting



1	multiple votes for the office and provided an opportunity to
2	correct the ballot before the ballot is cast and counted.
3	SECTION 65. IC 3-11-14.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
4	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
5	JULY 1, 2005]:
6	Chapter 14.5. Public Tests of Electronic Voting Systems
7	Sec. 1. At least fourteen (14) days before election day, the county
8	election board of each county planning to use an electronic voting
9	system at the next election shall randomly select at least three (3)
0	precincts within the county and test the voting system units to be
1	used at those precincts on election day. Each voting system shall be
2	tested to ascertain that the system will correctly count the votes
3	cast for all candidates and on all public questions in that precinct.
4	Sec. 2. Public notice of the time and place shall be given at least
.5	forty-eight (48) hours before the test. The notice shall be published
6	once in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4.
7	Sec. 3. The two (2) appointed members of the county election
.8	board shall observe the test required by this chapter and, if they so
9	determine, shall certify the test as meeting the requirements of this
20	chapter.
21	Sec. 4. The test must be open to representatives of political
22	parties, candidates, the media, and the public.
23	Sec. 5. The test required by this chapter must include the
24	following:
2.5	(1) The visual inspection of the voting system and ballot
26	labels.
27	(2) The manual entry of a preaudited group of ballots marked
28	so as to record a predetermined number of valid votes for
29	each candidate and on each public question.
0	(3) At least one (1) ballot for each office that has votes in
51	excess of the number allowed by law in order to test the
32	ability of the electronic voting system to reject the overvotes.
3	Sec. 6. If an error is detected during the test required by section
4	5 of this chapter, the cause of the error shall be determined and
55	corrected, and an errorless count must be made before the use of
66	the electronic voting system at the election is approved.
57	Sec. 7. After completion of the count, the voting system shall be
8	sealed. The ballots used to conduct the test and all other election
19	materials shall be sealed, retained, and disposed of as provided for
10	paper ballots.
1	Sec. 8. Immediately following the completion of the voting

system test under section 5 of this chapter, the county election



1	board shall enter the vote totals from the voting systems tested
2	under this chapter into the component of the voting system used by
3	the county election board to tabulate election results under
4	IC 3-12-3.5. The board shall determine whether this component of
5	the voting system properly tabulates the votes cast in each of the
6	precincts tested under this chapter.
7	Sec. 9. Not later than seven (7) days after conducting the tests
8	required under this chapter, the county election board shall certify
9	to the election division that the tests have been conducted in
10	conformity with this chapter.
11	Sec. 10. A copy of the certification of the tests conducted under
12	this chapter shall be filed with the election returns.
13	SECTION 66. IC 3-11-15-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
14	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. The performance
15	and test standards and fees under this chapter apply to a an optical
16	scan voting system or an electronic voting system procured after
17	March 25, 1992. described in IC 3-11-7 or IC 3-11-7.5.
18	SECTION 67. IC 3-11-15-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
19	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. The commission
20	shall not approve any system until the fee and the expenses incurred by
21	the election division (or a competent the person designated by the
22	commission to act on behalf of the election division under IC 3-11-16)
23	in making the examination are paid by the person making the
24	application.
25	SECTION 68. IC 3-11-15-13.3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 13.3. (a) This
27	section applies after December 31, 2005.
28	(b) To be approved by the commission for use in Indiana, a voting
29	system must meet the Voting System Standards adopted by the Federal
30	Election Commission on April 30, 2002.
31	(c) The commission may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to require a
32	voting system to meet standards more recent than standards described
33	in subsection (b). If the commission adopts rules under this subsection,
34	a voting system must meet the standards described in the rules instead
35	of the standards described in subsection (b).
36	(c) A county may continue to use an optical scan ballot card
37	voting system or an electronic voting system whose approval or
38	certification expired on or before October 1, 2005, if the voting
39	system:
40	(1) was:
41	(A) approved by the commission for use in elections in
42	Indiana before July 1, 2003; and



1	(B) purchased by the county before July 1, 2003; and
2	(2) otherwise complies with the applicable provisions of
3	HAVA and this article.
4	However, a voting system vendor may not market, sell, lease, or
5	install a voting system described in this subsection.
6	(d) As provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, to be used in an election in
7	Indiana, a voting system must be accessible for individuals with
8	disabilities, including nonvisual accessibility for the blind and visually
9	impaired, in a manner that provides the same opportunity for access
10	and participation (including privacy and independence) as for other
11	voters.
12	(e) As provided by 42 U.S.C. 15481, an election board conducting
13	an election satisfies the requirements of subsection (d) if the election
14	board provides at least one (1) electronic voting system or other voting
15	system equipped for individuals with disabilities at each polling place.
16	(f) If a voter who is otherwise qualified to cast a ballot in a
17	precinct chooses to cast the voter's ballot on the voting system
18	provided under subsection (e), the voter must be allowed to cast the
19	voter's ballot on that voting system, whether or not the voter is an
20	individual with disabilities.
21	SECTION 69. IC 3-11-16 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
22	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	UPON PASSAGE]:
24	Chapter 16. Voting System Technical Evaluation Program
25	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "program" refers to the voting
26	system technical oversight program established by section 2 of this
27	chapter.
28	Sec. 2. The voting system technical oversight program is
29	established.
30	Sec. 3. The secretary of state shall contract with a person or an
31	entity to conduct the program for a term specified in the contract.
32	Sec. 4. The person or entity designated under this chapter to
33	conduct the program shall do the following:
34	(1) Develop and propose procedures and standards for the
35	certification, acquisition, functioning, training, and security
36	for voting systems used to conduct elections in Indiana.
37	(2) Compile and maintain an inventory of all voting systems
38	used to conduct elections in Indiana.
39	(3) Review reports concerning voting systems prepared by
40	independent laboratories and submitted by applicants for
41	voting system certification.
42	(4) Recommend to the commission whether an application for



1	voting system certification should be approved and, if so,
2	whether the approval should be subject to any restrictions or
3	conditions to ensure compliance with Indiana law.
4	(5) Perform any additional testing of a voting system
5	necessary to determine whether the voting system complies
6	with state law.
7	(6) Each year perform random audits of voting systems used
8	to conduct Indiana elections and prepare reports indicating
9	whether the voting systems have been certified, programmed,
0	and used in compliance with Indiana law.
1	(7) Review contracts, leases, purchase orders, and
2	amendments to those documents concerning the acquisition or
3	maintenance of voting systems.
4	(8) Assist with the development of quantity purchase
.5	agreements and other contracts for the lease or purchase of
6	voting systems.
7	(9) Perform any other duties related to the approval or use of
8	voting systems as provided in:
9	(A) state law; or
20	(B) the contract described in section 3 of this chapter.
21	SECTION 70. IC 3-11-17 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
22	AS A <b>NEW</b> CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
23	UPON PASSAGE]:
24	Chapter 17. Voting System Violations
25	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to a voting system vendor who
6	markets, sells, leases, installs, implements, or permits the use of a
27	voting system in an election conducted in Indiana.
28	Sec. 2. In addition to any other penalty imposed, a vendor who
29	knowingly, recklessly, or negligently sells, leases, installs,
0	implements, or permits the use of a voting system in an election
31	conducted in Indiana in violation of this title is subject to a civil
32	penalty under this chapter.
33	Sec. 3. If the secretary of state determines that a vendor is
34	subject to a civil penalty under section 2 of this chapter, the
35	secretary of state may assess a civil penalty. The civil penalty
66	assessed under this section may not exceed five hundred thousand
37	dollars (\$500,000), plus any investigative costs incurred and
8	documented by the secretary of state.
19	Sec. 4. The secretary of state is subject to IC 4-21.5 in imposing
10	a civil penalty under this chapter.
1	Sec. 5. All civil penalties collected under this chapter shall be
12	deposited with the treasurer of state in the voting system technical



1	oversight program account established by section 6 of this chapter.
2	Sec. 6. (a) The voting system technical oversight program
3	account is established with the state general fund to provide money
4	for administering and enforcing IC 3-11-7, IC 3-11-7.5, IC 3-11-15,
5	IC 11 3-11-16, and this chapter.
6	(b) The election division shall administer the account. With the
7	approval of the budget agency, funds in the account are available
8	to augment and supplement the funds appropriated to the election
9	division for the purposes described in this section.
0	(c) The expenses of administering the account shall be paid from
1	the money in the account. The account consists of all civil penalties
2	collected under this chapter.
3	SECTION 71. IC 3-12-1-9.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
4	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9.5. (a) This section
.5	applies to counting votes cast on ballot cards.
6	(b) As used in this section, "chad" means the part of a ballot card
7	that indicates a vote on the card when entirely punched out by the
8	voter.
9	(c) A chad that has been pierced, but not entirely punched out of the
20	card, shall be counted as a vote for the indicated candidate or for the
21	indicated response to a public question.
22	(d) A chad that has been indented, but not in any way separated
23	from the remainder of the card, may not be counted as a vote for a
24	candidate or on a public question.
25	(e) Whenever:
26	(1) a ballot card contains a numbered box indicating which chad
27	should be punched out by the voter to cast a vote for a candidate
28	or on a public question;
29	(2) the indicated chad has not been punched out; and
30	(3) a hole has been made in the card that touches any part of the
31	numbered box;
32	the hole shall be counted as a vote for the candidate or on the public
3	question as if the indicated chad had been punched out. However, if a
34	hole has been made in the ballot that does not touch a numbered box
55	or punch out a chad, the hole may not be counted as a vote for a
66	candidate or on a public question.
37	(f) Whenever:
8	(1) a chad has been punched out of a ballot card;
19	(2) a numbered box indicates that another chad may be punched
10	out to cast a vote for:
1	(A) a different candidate for the same office as the candidate
12	for whom a vote was cast under subdivision (1); or



1	(B) a different response to the same public question on which
2	a vote was cast under subdivision (1); and
3	(3) a hole has been punched in the card that touches the numbered
4	box described in subdivision (2);
5	neither the chad described in subdivision (1) nor the hole described in
6	subdivision (3) may be counted as a vote for a candidate or on a public
7	question.
8	(g) (b) This subsection applies to a ballot card that:
9	(1) has been cast in a precinct whose votes are being recounted by
10	a local recount commission or the state recount commission;
11	(2) is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted
12	by automated tabulating machines; and
13	(3) cannot be counted for the office subject to the recount due to
14	the damage or defect.
15	The ballot card shall be remade only if the conditions in subdivisions
16	(1) through (3) exist.
17	SECTION 72. IC 3-12-4-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 18. If voting machines
19	or electronic voting systems are used in a precinct, the county election
20	board may request authorization from the state recount commission to
21	inspect the registering counter or other mechanical recording device on
22	any voting machine or electronic voting system showing the number of
23	votes cast for any candidate or public question. If authorized by the
24	state recount commission, the board may conduct an inspection either
25	before it proceeds to count and tabulate the vote or within one (1) day
26	after the count and tabulation are finished.
27	SECTION 73. IC 3-12-4-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
28	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 19. To inspect a voting
29	machine or an electronic voting system under section 18 of this
30	chapter, the county election board may proceed to any place in the
31	county where the machine or system is located, kept, or stored.
32	However, the board shall make the inspection in the presence of an
33	accredited representative of each of the major political parties of the
34	county.
35	SECTION 74. IC 3-12-4-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
36	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 20. When making an
37	inspection under section 18 of this chapter, a county election board
38	shall compare the number of votes registered on the counter or other
39	mechanical recording device on the voting machines or electronic
40	voting systems with the returns made by the precinct election board of

the precinct in which the voting machine or electronic voting system



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was used.

SECTION 75. IC 3-12-4-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 21. If there is a discrepancy between the number of votes registered on a voting machine or an electronic voting system and the returns made by the precinct election board, the county election board shall correct the returns made by the precinct election board so that the returns conform to the vote registered on the voting machine or electronic voting system. The corrected returns shall be considered the true and correct returns of the number of votes cast for each candidate or on each public question in the precinct.

SECTION 76. IC 3-12-4-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 22. If a nomination or election is contested or a recount is conducted, the returns of each precinct election board, as corrected by the county election board under section 21 of this chapter, constitute prima facie evidence of the vote cast for each candidate and on each public question to the same extent as the tabulation and return of the vote in a precinct where voting machines or electronic voting systems are not used.

SECTION 77. IC 3-12-6-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 16. (a) A recount commission consists of three (3) persons.

- (b) Two (2) members of the commission must be voters who:
  - (1) are members of different major political parties of the state; and
  - (2) were qualified to vote at the election in a county in which the election district for the office is located.
- (c) This subsection applies to a recount commission conducting a recount of an election in which only paper ballots were used. The third member of the commission must be a person who:
  - (1) is a member of a major political party of the state; and
  - (2) was qualified to vote at the election in a county in which the election district for the office is located.
- (d) This subsection applies to a recount of an election in which a voting method other than only paper ballots was used. The third member of the commission must be a competent mechanic who is familiar with the voting machines, ballot card voting systems or electronic voting systems used in that election. The mechanic is not required to be qualified to vote at the election in a county in which the election district for the office is located.

SECTION 78. IC 3-12-6-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 19. (a) A court ordering a recount under this chapter shall by order impound and provide for the











protection of the following:  (1) All ballots voting machines, and electronic voting systems used at the election for casting votes in the precincts.  (2) All tally sheets relating to the votes cast for nomination or election to the office.  (3) All poll lists of persons registered by the poll clerks as having voted for nomination or election to the office.  (b) An order issued by the state recount commission under IC 3-12-10 supersedes an order issued by a court under this section to the extent that the orders conflict. The state recount commission shall assist a court acting under this section to the extent that the ability of the state recount commission to preserve the integrity of election records or equipment is not hindered.  (c) An impoundment order issued under subsection (a) may not prevent a circuit court clerk or board of registration from copying election material other than ballots if the clerk or board copies the material under the supervision of a person designated by the court.  SECTION 79. IC 3-12-6-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
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FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 20. A court acting	
20 under section 19 of this chapter shall make the ballots, voting	
21 machines, electronic voting systems, tally sheets, and poll lists	
22 available to the recount commission appointed under this chapter.	
23 SECTION 80. IC 3-12-8-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2. An election may be	
contested under section 1 of this chapter if a petitioner alleges that one	
26 (1) of the following circumstances existed:	
27 (1) The contestee was ineligible.	
28 (2) A mistake occurred in the printing or distribution of ballots	
used in the election that makes it impossible to determine which	
candidate received the highest number of votes.	
31 (3) A mistake occurred in the programming of a voting machine	
or an electronic voting system, making it impossible to determine	
the candidate who received the highest number of votes.	
34 (4) A voting machine or An electronic voting system	
35 malfunctioned, making it impossible to determine the candidate	
who received the highest number of votes.	
37 (5) A deliberate act or series of actions occurred making it	
impossible to determine the candidate who received the highest	
number of votes cast in the election.	
40 SECTION 81. IC 3-12-8-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
41 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 6. (a) A petition filed	

under section 5 of this chapter must state the following:



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1	(1) That the petitioner desires to contest the nomination or
2	election to an office.
3	(2) The name of each candidate as set forth on the ballot for the
4	election and address of each candidate as set forth in the records
5	of the county election board or election division.
6	(3) That the petitioner in good faith believes that one (1) or more
7	of the following occurred:
8	(A) The person declared nominated or elected does not comply
9	with a specific constitutional or statutory requirement set forth
0	in the petition that is applicable to a candidate for the office.
1	(B) A mistake was made in the printing or distribution of
2	ballots used in the election that makes it impossible to
.3	determine which candidate received the highest number of
4	votes cast in the election.
5	(C) A mistake occurred in the programming of a voting
6	machine or an electronic voting system, making it impossible
7	to determine the candidate who received the highest number
8	of votes.
9	(D) A voting machine or An electronic voting system
20	malfunctioned, making it impossible to determine the
21	candidate who received the highest number of votes.
22	(E) A deliberate act or series of actions occurred making it
23	impossible to determine the candidate who received the
24	highest number of votes cast in the election.
25	(b) A petition stating that the petitioner believes that it is impossible
26	to determine the candidate that received the highest number of votes
27	for one (1) of the reasons described in subsection (a)(3)(B), (a)(3)(C),
28	or (a)(3)(D) must identify each precinct in which:
29	(1) ballots:
0	(A) containing the printing mistake; or
31	(B) distributed by mistake;
32	were cast;
3	(2) a mistake occurred in the programming of a voting machine
34	or an electronic voting system; or
55	(3) a voting machine or an electronic voting system
66	malfunctioned.
37	(c) A petition stating that the petitioner believes that an act or series
8	of actions described in subsection (a)(3)(E) occurred must identify each
19	precinct or other location in which the act or series of actions occurred
10	to the extent known to the petitioner.
1	SECTION 82. IC 3-12-8-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [FFFFCTIVE IIII.Y 1, 2005]: Sec. 17 (a) A contest shall



1	be heard and determined by the court without a jury subject to the
2	Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure.
3	(b) The court shall determine the issues raised by the petition and
4	answer to the petition.
5	(c) After hearing and determining a petition alleging that a
6	candidate is ineligible, the court shall declare as elected or nominated
7	the qualified candidate who received the highest number of votes and
8	render judgment accordingly.
9	(d) If the court finds that:
10	(1) a mistake in the printing or distribution of the ballots used in
11	the election;
12	(2) a mistake in the programming of a voting machine or an
13	electronic voting system;
14	(3) a malfunction of a voting machine or an electronic voting
15	system; or
16	(4) the occurrence of a deliberate act or series of actions;
17	makes it impossible to determine which candidate received the highest
18	number of votes, the court shall order that a special election be
19	conducted under IC 3-10-8.
20	(e) The special election shall be conducted in the precincts
21	identified in the petition in which the court determines that:
22	(1) ballots containing the printing mistake or distributed by
23	mistake were cast;
24	(2) a mistake occurred in the programming of a voting machine
25	or an electronic voting system;
26	(3) a voting machine or an electronic voting system
27	malfunctioned; or
28	(4) the deliberate act or series of actions occurred.
29	SECTION 83. IC 3-12-11-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. (a) Each petition for
31	a recount filed under section 2 of this chapter must state the following:
32	(1) The office for which the petitioner desires a recount.
33	(2) The precincts in which the petitioner desires a recount.
34	(3) That the individual is entitled to a recount under this chapter
35	and that the nomination or election to office at issue was voted
36	upon in the precincts specified.
37	(4) The name of the candidates as set forth on the ballot for the
38	election and address of the candidates as set forth in the records
39	of the election division.
40	(5) That the petitioner in good faith believes that the votes cast for
41	nomination or election to the office at the election in the precincts
12	were not correctly counted and returned.



1	(6) That the petitioner desires a recount of all of the votes cast for
2	nomination or election to the office in the precincts specified.
3	(b) Each petition for a contest filed under section 2 of this chapter
4	must state the following:
5	(1) The nomination or election to office that the petitioner
6	contests.
7	(2) That the individual is entitled to contest an election or a
8	nomination to office under this chapter.
9	(3) The name of the candidates as set forth on the ballot for the
10	election and address of each of the candidates as set forth in the
11	records of the election division.
12	(4) That the petitioner in good faith believes that one (1) or more
13	of the following occurred:
14	(A) The person declared nominated or elected does not comply
15	with a specific constitutional or statutory requirement set forth
16	in the petition that is applicable to a candidate for the office.
17	(B) A mistake was made in the printing or distribution of
18	ballots used in the election that makes it impossible to
19	determine which candidate received the highest number of
20	votes cast in the election.
21	(C) A mistake occurred in the programming of a voting
22	machine or an electronic voting system, making it impossible
23	to determine the candidate who received the highest number
24	of votes.
25	(D) A voting machine or An electronic voting system
26	malfunctioned, making it impossible to determine the
27 28	candidate who received the highest number of votes.
20 29	(E) A deliberate act or series of actions occurred making it impossible to determine the candidate who received the
30	highest number of votes cast in the election.
31	(c) A petition stating that the petitioner believes that a mistake
32	described in subsection (b)(4)(B), (b)(4)(C), or (b)(4)(D) has occurred
33	must identify each precinct in which:
34	(1) ballots:
35	(A) containing the printing mistake; or
36	(B) distributed by mistake;
37	were cast;
38	(2) a mistake occurred in the programming of a voting machine
39	or an electronic voting system; or
40	(3) a voting machine or an electronic voting system
41	malfunctioned.
12	(d) A petition stating that the petitioner believes that an act or series



1	of actions described in subsection (b)(4)(E) occurred must identify
2	each precinct or other location in which the act or series of actions
3	occurred to the extent known to the petitioner.
4	SECTION 84. IC 3-12-11-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 16. (a) Except as
6	provided in subsection (b), the state recount commission may by order
7	impound and provide for the protection of the following:
8	(1) All ballots voting machines, and electronic voting systems
9	used at the election for casting votes in the precincts.
.0	(2) All tally sheets relating to the votes cast for the office.
.1	(3) All poll lists of persons registered by the poll clerks as having
2	voted for the office.
.3	(b) In a recount of an election for a legislative office, the state
4	recount commission shall by order impound and provide for the
5	protection of the following:
6	(1) All ballots voting machines, and electronic voting systems
7	used at the election for casting votes in all of the precincts within
8	the legislative district.
9	(2) All tally sheets relating to the votes cast for the office.
20	(3) All poll lists of persons registered by the poll clerks as having
21	voted for the office.
22	SECTION 85. IC 3-12-11-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 18. (a) When a recount
24	is completed by the state recount commission or its designee, the
2.5	commission shall:
26	(1) make and sign a certificate showing the total number of votes
27	received in the precincts by each candidate for nomination or
28	election to the office;
29	(2) state in its certificate the candidate who received the highest
0	number of votes in the precincts for nomination or election to the
31	office and by what plurality; and
32	(3) file its certificate with the election division.
33	(b) When a contest proceeding in which a candidate is alleged to be
4	ineligible is completed by the state recount commission or its designee,
55	the commission shall make a final determination concerning the
66	eligibility of the candidate for nomination or election to the office.
37	(c) If the state recount commission or its designee determines that:
8	(1) a mistake was made in the printing or distribution of ballots
19	used in the election;
10	(2) a mistake was made in the programming of a voting machine
1	or an electronic voting system;
12	(3) a voting machine or an electronic voting system



1	malfunctioned; or
2	(4) a deliberate act or series of actions occurred;
3	that makes it impossible to determine which candidate received the
4	highest number of votes cast, the commission shall order that a special
5	election be conducted under IC 3-10-8.
6	(d) The special election ordered under subsection (c) shall be held
7	in the precincts identified in the petition in which the commission
8	determines that:
9	(1) ballots containing the printing mistake or distributed by
10	mistake were cast;
11	(2) a mistake occurred in the programming of a voting machine
12	or an electronic voting system;
13	(3) a voting machine or an electronic voting system
14	malfunctioned; or
15	(4) a deliberate act or series of actions occurred.
16	SECTION 86. IC 3-14-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 5. A precinct election
18	officer who, with the intent to cause or permit a voting machine, ballot
19	card voting system or electronic voting system to fail to correctly
20	register all votes cast, tampers with or disarranges the machine or
21	system or any part of it commits a Class D felony.
22	SECTION 87. IC 3-14-3-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 6. A precinct election
24	officer who permits a voting machine, ballot card voting system or
25	electronic voting system to be used for voting at an election, with
26	knowledge of the fact that the machine or system is not in order or not
27	perfectly set and adjusted so that it will correctly register all votes cast,
28	commits a Class D felony.
29	SECTION 88. IC 3-14-3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7. An inspector or poll
31	clerk in a precinct who, for the purpose of:
32	(1) deceiving a voter;
33	(2) causing it to be doubtful for what ticket, candidate, or public
34	question a vote is cast; or
35	(3) causing it to appear that votes cast for one ticket, candidate, or
36	public question were cast for another ticket, candidate, or public
37	question;
38	removes, changes, or mutilates a ballot label on a voting machine
39	system or any part thereof commits a Class D felony.
40	SECTION 89. IC 3-14-3-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
41	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 8. A person other than
42	a precinct election officer who knowingly, before or during an election:



1	(1) damages, disarranges, or tampers with a voting machine,	
2	ballot card system or electronic voting system; or	
3	(2) damages a ballot label placed or to be placed on the machine,	
4	electronic voting system or any other appliance used in	
5	connection with the machine, ballot card voting system or	
6	electronic voting system;	
7	commits a Class D felony.	
8	SECTION 90. IC 3-14-4-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 8. A member of a	_
10	precinct election board, an absentee ballot counter appointed under	
11	IC 3-11.5-4-22, or a provisional ballot counter appointed under	
12	IC 3-11.7-3 who knowingly:	
13	(1) opens or marks, by folding or otherwise, a ballot presented by	
14	a voter, except as provided by law; or	
15	(2) tries to find out how the voter voted before the ballot is	
16	deposited in the ballot box or cast on a voting machine, ballot	
17	card voting system or electronic voting system or counted by the	
18	absentee ballot counter;	
19	commits a Class D felony.	
20	SECTION 91. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
21	UPON PASSAGE]: IC 3-11-15-10; IC 3-11-15-11; IC 3-11-15-50;	
22	IC 3-11-15-51; IC 3-11-15-52; IC 3-11-15-53; IC 3-11-15-55;	
23	IC 3-11-15-56; IC 3-11-15-57; IC 3-11-15-58.	
24	SECTION 92. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	_
25	JULY 1, 2005]: IC 3-5-2-41.5; IC 3-5-2-41.6; IC 3-5-2-50.6;	
26	IC 3-11-3-2; IC 3-11-3-6; IC 3-11-5; IC 3-11-7.5-20; IC 3-11-12;	_
27	IC 3-11-13-20; IC 3-12-2.5.	
28	SECTION 93. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The definitions	\
29	set forth in IC 3-5-2 apply to this SECTION.	
30	(b) To perform the duties set forth in IC 3-11-16, as added by	
31	this act, in establishing the voting system technical oversight	
32	program, the secretary of state shall issue a request for proposals	
33	to enter into the contract required under IC 3-11-16-3.	
34	(c) Notwithstanding any other statute or rule:	
35	(1) the secretary of state shall extend invitations to public and	
36	private colleges and universities located within Indiana to	
37	respond to the request for proposals not later than June 1,	
38	2005; and	
39	(2) the secretary of state and the person selected by the	
40	secretary of state shall enter into the contract required under	
41	IC 3-11-16-3 not later than July 1, 2005.	
12	(d) This SECTION expires December 31, 2005.	



1	SECTION 94. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The definitions	
2	set forth in IC 3-5-2 apply to this SECTION.	
3	(b) This SECTION applies to a county:	
4	(1) that used a punch card ballot voting system to conduct the	
5	November 2, 2004, general election in any precinct in the	
6	county; and	
7	(2) whose county executive, before July 1, 2005, has not	
8	entered into a contract that complies with this SECTION.	
9	(c) To comply with this SECTION, a contract that a county	
10	executive enters into must require a voting system vendor to	
11	deliver, not later than December 31, 2005:	
12	(1) an electronic voting system;	
13	(2) an optical scan ballot voting system; or	
14	(3) a combination of both systems;	
15	certified for installation, marketing, and use in Indiana on the	
16	effective date of the contract.	
17	(d) If a county described in subsection (b) fails to enter into a	
18	contract that complies with subsection (c) before July 1, 2005, the	
19	secretary of state may enter into a quantity purchase agreement	
20	with a voting system vendor for the purchase of:	
21	(1) an electronic voting system;	
22	(2) an optical scan ballot voting system; or	
23	(3) a combination of both systems;	
24	that is certified for installation, marketing, and use in Indiana on	-
25	the effective date of the contract.	
26	(e) The agreement described in subsection (d) must require the	
27	delivery of the voting system to each county described in this	
28	SECTION before January 1, 2006, for use in all elections	V
29	conducted in the county after December 31, 2005.	
30	(f) This SECTION expires December 31, 2006.	
31	SECTION 95. An emergency is declared for this act.	

